Millfields Church of England Primary School

Nursery Curriculum 2023 - 2024 New EYFS Framework 2021



Planning a sequenced curriculum to ensure all children make progress and are ready for the next stage of their education.

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EYFS

Sequenced Curriculum - 2023 to 2024

New EYFS Framework

Age Related Expectations * Teaching and learning to be differentiated through short term planning, driven by assessment Consolidation and revisit of key skills, knowledge and understanding through continuous and enhanced provision						
Area of Learning	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
EYFS Theme	Me and My Family / Pets	Autumn / Celebrations	Wonderful Water	Traditional tales	Growth / Life Cycles	Journeys / Near and Far
Nursery Planning around a quality text: To be chosen following children's interests.						The Flying Bath
Linked texts Fiction Non-fiction Traditional tales Diversity	Linked to Happy to Be Me / Pete the Cat Who are you? My Hair – Hannah Lee Baby Goes to Market A Handful of Buttons - Carmen Parets We All Belong – Nathalie Goss Amazing Me Sing – Carol Thompson The Gingerbread Man Wash Your Hands Colours – Percy the Park Keeper My First Body Busy Kittens The Babies and Doggies The Babies and Kitties Wind – Carol Thompson Kipper's Birthday	Linked to Wow Said the Owl / Tap the Magic Tree	Linked to I Can Fly / Busy Penguins Uniter – Allie Busby Dolar Bear, Polar Bear – What do you Hear? Day Hello to the Snowy AnimalsD Amazing Me Dance – Carol Thompson Durious about snow Snow – Carol Thompson What's the weather? Why Should I Brush My Teeth Daby's First Chinese New Year Dusy Chinese New Year	Linked to traditional tales: The three little pigs The runaway pancake The magic porridge pot Jack and the beanstalk 	Linked to Daisy and The Egg / Jasper's Beanstalk Growing Frogs – Vivian French I The Very Hungry Caterpillar – Eric Carle I Lulu loves Flowers – Anna McQuinn I Plant the Tiny Seed – Christie Matheson I Busy Chickens I Five Little Ducks I The Big Book of Bugs	Linked to / The Flying Bath My mum is a Supermum My Mummy is a Firefighter Ten little superheroes Amazing Me Dress Up - Carol Thompson People who help us - Police People who help us - Fireman People who help us - Ambulance drivers Little Red Riding Hood

Focus Nursery rhymes linked to Maths curriculum. Linked songs/ rhymes	 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 Once I caught a fish alive. 1 potato, 2 potato Baa Baa Black sheep 3 Little Kittens Linked to Happy to Be Me If You Are Happy and You Know It Head, Shoulders, Knees and Toes Two Little Eyes to Look Around Doctor Foster Ms Polly Had a Dolly Humpty Dumpty Linked to Pete the Cat I have a Pet – Super Simple When Cats Get up in the Morning – Super Simple Linked to Seasons / Celebrations Happy Birthday 	 5 current buns in a bakers shop 5 sausages 1 finger, 1 thumb, 1, 2 buckle my shoe 2 little dickie birds Zoom, zoom Linked to Wow Said the Owl One Little Owl I Can Sing a Rainbow Linked to Tap the Magic Tree Five Little Leaves Autumn Leaves are Falling Down Linked to Seasons / Celebrations Rain, Rain, go Away I Hear Thunder What's the weather? Christmas songs	 Three Blind Mice 5 Snowman 4 Teddy Bears 5 fingers Linked to I Can Fly / Busy Penguins Five Little Penguins Row, Row, Row Your Boat Rub-a-Dub-Dub Five Littles Fishes Once I Caught a Fish Alive I Had a Little Turtle Jack and Jill Incy wincy Spider Linked to Seasons / Celebrations Five little snowmen = I'm a little snowman = Snowflake, Snowflake 	 Sing a song of six pence I'm a Little Bean 5 Cheeky Monkeys swinging through the trees One Elephant went out to Play Alice the Camel When Goldilocks went to the house of the bears. Linked to Seasons / Celebrations - Out of the Ark Easter songs. 	 5 Litle Speckled frogs 5 Little Men in a Flying Saucer 5 Little Ducks Linked to Jasper's beanstalk / Daisy and the Egg My Graden There's a Worm at the bottom of the garden 	 One Big Hippo 5 Cheeky Monkeys Jumping on the Bed. 5 Little Apples. Linked to The Flying Bath / Bear Hunt A Sailor Went to See □ Ten Little Firefighters □ Five Police Officers □ When Goldilocks went to the House of the Bears □ London Bridge is Falling Down Linked to Seasons / Celebrations
			Visitors / trips			
Occupations	 Doctors and Nurses Vets 	 School Site Manager 	Vets	BakerShop keeper	 Gardener 	 Pilot. Bus driver, train driver
Trips/Visitors Enrichments	 Commando Joe New starter stay and play 	 Chester Zoo Autumn Walk Christmas events 	 Visitors / Videos Stay and play – Number day Valentines stay and play Trip: Winter Walk 	Visitors / Videos Viold Book Day Stay and play. Trip: Spring walk	Trip Visitors / Videos O Gordale garden centre	 stay and play New intake visits Summer walk
Celebrations / Festivals / Special Events	 Birthdays Grandparents Day (3rd October) 	 Birthdays Harvest Festival Nursery Rhyme November Bonfire Night Remembrance Anti-bullying week Diwali – November Hannukah – December Christmas 	 Birthdays National story telling week Chinese New Year Holi – March Ash Wednesday Shrove Tuesday Valentine's day 	 Birthdays World Book Day – Mother's Day British Science Week – Eid-al-Fitr Easter 	 Birthdays Mental Health Awareness Week World Environment Day 	 Birthdays World Ocean Day Father's Day Wimbledon Tour De France Festival on The Field Father's Day Make Music Day

Characteristics of Effective	Learning to be embedded through all areas of learning creating powerful learners and thinkers
Playing & Exploring	 Realise that their actions have an effect on the world, so they want to keep repeating them. Plan and think ahead about how they will explore or play with objects Guide their own thinking and actions by talking to themselves while playing Make independent choices Do things independently that they have been previously taught Bring their own interests and fascinations into early years settings. This helps them to develop their learning Respond to new experiences that you bring to their attention
Active Learning	 Participate in routines, such as going to their cot or mat when they want to sleep. Begin to predict sequences because they know routines Show goal-directed behaviour Begin to correct their mistakes themselves Keep on trying when things are difficult.
Thinking and Creating Critically	 Take part in simple pretend play Sort materials Review their progress as they try to achieve a goal. Check how well they are doing. Solve real problems Use pretend play to think beyond the 'here and now' and to understand another perspective Know more, so feel confident about coming up with their own ideas. Make more links between those ideas. Concentrate on achieving something that's important to them. They are increasingly able to control their attention and ignore distractions

COMMUNICATION & LANGUAGE: Listening, Attention & Understanding Speaking

Educational Programme: The development of children's spoken language underpins all seven areas of learning and development. Children's back-and-forth interactions from an early age form the foundations for language and cognitive development. The number and quality of the conversations they have with adults and peers throughout the day in a language-rich environment is crucial. By commenting on what children are interested in or doing, and echoing back what they say with new vocabulary added, practitioners will build children's language effectively. Reading frequently to children, and engaging them actively in stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems, and then providing them with extensive opportunities to use and embed new words in a range of contexts, will give children the opportunity to thrive. Through conversation, story-telling and role play, where children share their ideas with support and modelling from their teacher, and sensitive questioning that invites them to elaborate, children become comfortable using a rich range of vocabulary and language structures.

Autumn	Spring	Summer
Learning Priorities: Linked to Development Matters	2021	
 Listening, Attention and Understanding Pay attention to one thing at a time 	Listening, Attention and Understanding Enjoy listening to stories & remember much of what happens	Listening, Attention and Understanding
 Listen 1:1 to develop independence within daily routine Participate in short multi-sensory Key Person group time Enjoy listening to stories and begin to remember much of what happens Listen to short stories with illustrations / props / sounds 	 Participate in small story group times ⇒ Through questioning recall key story events ⇒ Join in with simple text retelling using actions / words 	 Enjoy listening to longer stories (with increased attention) and can remember much of what happens ⇒ Can answer a range of questions (who, what, where and why) with relevant comments. With support begin to use
Recall key events / name key characters	• Begin to shift attention from one thing to another when needed and	full sentences when giving responses.
Begin to join in text retell - repeated refrains / some actions	given a prompt	Shift attention from one thing to another with prompt
 Follow an instruction with one part ⇒ Linked to: □ daily routine □ Key Person group activities 	 Begin to understand and follow a two-part instruction ⇒ Linked to: □ daily routine □ child-initiated learning 	 Understand and follow a two-part instruction Across the daily routine with confidence and independence
⇒ Special events: Autumn walk	 Understand some 'why' questions 	 Understand and respond confidently to simple 'why' questions
• Understand simple questions about 'who', 'what' and 'where'	 ⇒ Within child-initiated learning ⇒ Song / story time 	⇒ Within a range of contexts across the daily routine
⇔ Getting to know: □ one another □ new learning space □ daily	 Begin to show an understanding of some prepositions ⇒ Follow some simple instructions – up / down / next to 	 With support begin to answer using some full sentences Show an understanding of some prepositions
routine □ learning choices ⇒ Recount of events: □ own experiences □ stories	⇒ Begin to use language of prepositions – on / in	⇒ Within instructions – <i>behind / in font of</i>
 Begin to understand some 'why' questions related to own experiences 	 Begin to listen to others in a small group with support Speaking 	 ⇒ Use language of prepositions – up / down / next to Listen to others in a small group, turn taking with use of prop e.g.
Autumn time / family events / special nursery events	 Use a wider range of vocabulary ⇒ Linked to: □ daily routine □ themes □ key knowledge 	talking when holding the teddy bear Speaking
 Speaking Begin to use a wider range of vocabulary 	 Continue to develop and sing a repertoire of songs 	Speaking
\Rightarrow Linked to: \Box daily routine \Box themes \Box key knowledge	 Sing a range of rhymes/songs as part of a group 	 User a wider range of vocabulary in a range of contexts
 Learn new rhyme and begin to develop a repertoire of songs ⇒ Join in with actions / props 	 Talk about a familiar book and begin to tell a simple story ⇒ Using illustrations / props □ name main characters □ sequence 	 ⇒ Linked to: □ daily routine □ themes □ key knowledge Sing a large repertoire of songs
 Fill in some missing words Begin to talk about a familiar book one-to-one 	 main events Continue to develop communication: □ use future and past tense (not always correctly) □ use longer sentence of 4/6 words □ begin 	 As part of a group / independently Talk about a familiar book and tell a longer story
 ⇒ Comment on an illustrationpicture / illustration ⇒ Favourite character / part character / event 	to join sentences with 'and' start a conversation with an adult /	⇒ Talk about characters / main events / likes / dislikes
 Develop communication, begin to use different tenses Begin to use longer sentences of 4/6 words 	friend and begin to continue it with many turns use talk to organise selves / play	 Develop communication: Description begin to use a wider range of tenses (some correct) use longer sentences of 4 / 6 words join sentences with 'and' / 'like' / 'because' start a conversation and
 Start a conversation with an adult / friend 	Begin to retell a simple past event in correct order	 continue it, turn taking – be a good listener Use talk to: □ Retell a simple past event in correct order □
 Begin to use talk to organise selves / play 	 Begin to express a point of view: ■ likes ■ dislikes 	organise self \square Express a view point – likes / dislikes \square Debate

PERSONAL, SOCIAL & EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT: Self-Regulation Managing Self Building Relationships

Educational Programme: Children's personal, social and emotional development (PSED) is crucial for children to lead healthy and happy lives, and is fundamental to their cognitive development. Underpinning their personal development are the important attachments that shape their social world. Strong, warm and supportive relationships with adults enable children to learn how to understand their own feelings and those of others. Children should be supported to manage emotions, develop a positive sense of self, set themselves simple goals, have confidence in their own abilities, to persist and wait for what they want and direct attention as necessary. Through adult modelling and guidance, they will learn how to look after their bodies, including healthy eating, and manage personal needs independently. Through supported interaction with other children, they learn how to make good friendships, co-operate and resolve conflicts peaceably. These attributes will provide a secure platform from which children can achieve at school and in later life.

Autumn	Spring	Summer
Learning Priorities: Linked to Development Matters	2021	
Self-Regulation Show 'effortful control'	Self-Regulation	Self-Regulation
 ⇒ With support follow the daily routine ⇒ Play with others, sharing resources / taking turns Begin to talk about feelings happy / sad / because ⇒ Show / imitate different emotions and label ⇒ I am happy / sad because Begin to show awareness of how others might be feeling ⇒ Offer comfort to a child who is upset / laugh with others ⇒ Identify feelings of main characters in texts, looking carefully at illustrations Begin to recognise that some actions can hurt the feelings of others ⇒ Identify action that made someone else upset With support begin to find solutions to some conflicts ⇒ Sharing resources / taking turns e.g. bike track 	 Talk about feelings using words like 'happy' and 'sad' and begin to use other words ⇒ I am angry / worried / scared With support begin to understand and talk about how others might be feeling and the reasons why ⇒ Friends is happy / sad because ⇒ Main characters in stories is happy / sad because With support begin to talk with others to resolve conflicts ⇒ Turn taking your turn / my turn Begin to help to find solutions to conflicts and rivalries. For example, accepting that not everyone can be Spider-Man in the game, and suggesting other ideas ⇒ Turn taking your turn / my turn ⇒ Sharing one for you / one for me 	 Talk about feelings using a range of words i am proud / worried / careful / brave Begin to understand how others might be feeling Links to R.E curriculum (friendship / special times) Help to find solutions to conflicts and rivalries Use words to talk to others about wants / needs Develop appropriate ways of being assertive Turn taking / sharing resources within provision Through stories e.g. Rainbow Fish Managing Self Select and use activities and resources, with help when needed, to achieve own set goal / given goal Introduction of one Weekly Challenge
Managing Self	Managing Self	 Settle to an activity for some time Adult-led and child-initiated
 Show interest in a range of experiences, indoors and outdoors ⇒ Familiar and some new Begin to select and use continuous provision resources, with help 	 Begin to select and use activities and resources to achieve a set goal ⇒ Initiate own activities / adapting as required (with support) ⇒ Demonstrate interests 	 Increasingly follow rules, understanding why they are important ⇒ Following visuals ⇒ Begin to talk about reasons for some rules
 when needed resources ⇒ Make independent learning choices learning / play ⇒ Put resources back in right place once used With support begin to follow classroom routines and rules Begin to be independent within self-care routines 	 Settle to an activity of choice for some time Increasingly follow classroom routines and rules (with reduced practitioner guidance) Develop independence within self-care routines Building Relationships 	 Be increasingly independent in meeting own care needs Make healthy choices about food, drink, activity and tooth brushing Building Relationships
 Toileting / Handwashing / Snack time / Outdoor time Building Relationships Begin to play with one or more other children 	 Play with one or more other children ⇒ Activity of choice / small guided group activities Take part in pretend play with one or more children 	 Develop sense of responsibility and membership of a community ⇒ Begin to talk about ■ school ■ moving to Reception Become more outgoing with unfamiliar people, in the safe context of their setting
 ⇒ Child-initiated learning / small group activities Begin to see themselves as part of a community ⇒ Key Person group / nursery / family 	 See themselves as part of a community ⇒ Talk about: ■ own family ■ nursery class Begin to share and take turns with others Begin to extend and elaborate play ideas with others 	 ⇒ Transition visits in to Reception Show more confidence in new social situations Play with one or more other children, extending and elaborating play ideas: adult-led and child-initiated

PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT: Gross Motor Skills Fine Motor Skills

Educational Programme: Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practise of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence.

Autumn	Spring	Summer
Learning Priorities: Linked to Development Matters	2021	
 Gross Motor Skills Continue to develop movement skills of walking and running Negotiating space Begin to adapt speed / direction to avoid obstacles Continue to develop climbing skills Use stairs using alternate feet With support explore climbing frame Continue to develop balancing skills balance Complete low level obstacle courses Walk up / down a ramp Stand still Stand on one leg Begin to learn to hop Continue to develop ball skills – scooter / trike / balance bike Use bike track: □ following track □ right direction Stop / start Continue to develop ball skills Rolling (partner / circle games) Kicking Begin to use large-muscle movements to Wave flags and streamers (top to bottom / anti-clockwise) Paint and make marks (top to bottom / anti-clockwise) Paint and make marks (top to bottom / anti-clockwise) Fine Motor Skills Learn to use a knife and fork Begin to learn to use a knife and fork Begin to get dressed independently for outdoor play Use some one-handed tools and equipment Across provision e.g.: □ Pouring / filling □ Stirring / mixing □ Rolling □ Painting / Drawing / mark making Begin to develop a comfortable grip when using pencils / pen Model and encourage a tripod grip 	Gross Motor Skills • Continue to develop movement of walking and running • Continue to develop climbing skills • Different heights using alternate feet • Continue to develop balancing skills • Learn to hop • Begin to learn to skip • Continue to develop riding skills • Regulate speed e.g. slowing down when needed • Continue to develop ball skills (using balloons / large balls) • Throwing / catching • Use large muscle movements • Circular movements / cross the mid-line activities • Begin to remember some sequences and patterns of movement related to music and rhythm • Marching / walking on tip toes to the beat of the music • Begin to take part in some group team activities • Begin to take part in some group team activities • Begin to collaborate with others to manage large items • Work in partnership with adult / peer to move a larger object Fine Motor Skills • Show preference a for a dominant hand • Continue to learn to use a knife and fork • Increase independence getting dressed and undressed • Getting ready for outdoor play • Use a range of one-handed tools and equipment • Across provision e.g: Malleable resources Mark making resources Range of	 Gross Motor Skills Begin to refine movement of walking and running Adapt speed / direction to avoid obstacles Refine climbing and balancing skills Using a range of equipment e.g. ramps / tyres / crates Develop skill of skipping in an open space Continue to develop riding skills – regulating speed / stopping and starting Continue to develop ball skills Throwing and catching using a range of ball sizes Use large muscle movements Crossing the mid line Remember some sequences and patterns of movement related to music and rhythm Simple repeated patterns e.g. hop / stop; jump / stop Take part in some group team activities Sport's Day Match developing physical skills to tasks and activities in setting Create dens / obstacle courses Collaborate with others to manage large items Moving large equipment with peers e.g. tyre / mat Fine Motor Skills Use one-handed tools and equipment Including snipping with scissors Range of modelling tools Eat independently using a knife and fork Be increasingly independent getting dressed and undressed Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils

LITERACY: □ Reading - Comprehension □ Reading - Word Reading □ Writing

Educational Programme: It is crucial for children to develop a life-long love of reading. Reading consists of two dimensions: language comprehension and word reading. Language comprehension (necessary for both reading and writing) starts from birth. It only develops when adults talk with children about the world around them and the books (stories and non-fiction) they read with them, and enjoy rhymes, poems and songs together. Skilled word reading, taught later, involves both the speedy working out of the pronunciation of unfamiliar printed words (decoding) and the speedy recognition of familiar printed words. Writing involves transcription (spelling and handwriting) and composition (articulating ideas and structuring them in speech, before writing).

Autumn	Spring	Summer
Learning Priorities: Linked to Development Matters 2021		* See EY2P Literacy Long Term Plans
 Phase 1 Phonics / Reading Begin to develop phonological awareness Join in with Phase 1 activities, aspects 1 to 6 Distinguish between different sounds Environmental Sounds Instrumental Sounds Body Percussion Rhythm and rhyme: begin to develop awareness of words that sound the same Alliterative activities, begin to identify words starting with the same phoneme within names Explore and copy different voice sounds Begin to understand some of the five key concepts about print: Handle books carefully & correctly Name some book parts front cover, back cover, page, title Print has meaning front cover, back cover, page, title Print has meaning front cover, back cover, page, title One to one	 Phase 1 Phonics / Reading Continue to develop phonological awareness ⇒ Join in with P1 activities, aspects 1 to 7 . Listen, remember & talk about different sounds: Environmental □ Instrumental □ Body Percussion Rhythm and rhyme: develop awareness of words that sound the same Tune into alliterative words, begin to identify / hear some initial phonemes in words Explore and begin to talk about different voice sounds Begin to participate in oral blending/segmenting activities Clap syllables in own name Begin to engage in conversations about stories and non-fiction texts, learning new vocabulary Continue to develop an understand the five key concepts about print: ⇔ Handle books carefully & correctly Name some book parts <i>title / blub</i> Print has meaning – recognise some new logos Begin to understand what a word / letter is <i>letter / word</i> Follow print left to right and begin to use 1:1 correspondence Know where to start reading <i>first</i> Read own name without visual support Writing Begin to use some print / letter knowledge in writing ∴ Symbols – lines / circles ⇒ Recognisable letters ⇒ ascribe meaning ∠ Eft to right directionality > Top to bottom directionality > Top to bottom directionality Attempt to write name, using name card, with some recognisable letters, some correctly formed 	 Phase 1 Phonics / Reading Develop phonological awareness ⇒ Join in with P1 activities, aspects 1 to 7 Listen, remember & talk about different sounds with increasing vocabulary: Environmental □ Body Percussion Talk about rhyming words and begin to create rhyming strings Hear and say initial sounds in words Explore and talk about different voice sounds, enunciating some phoneme correctly Participate in oral blending/segmenting activities Clap syllables in words Engage in extended conversations about stories and nonfiction texts, learning & using new vocabulary Use the five key concepts about print: Identify a word in a sentence and understand it carries meaning Identify a letter in a word Name parts of book and show awareness of page number page number Continue to develop understanding of word / letter Follow print, know it is read from top to bottom & use 1:1 correspondence Read own name in a variety of fonts/context Writing Use knowledge of print / letter knowledge in writing Recognisable letters Left to right / top to bottom directionality Begin to match some letters to phonemes e.g. m for mummy Engage in purposeful early writing Write name, from memory, with correct letter formation

MATHEMATICS: Dumerical Pattern Dumber

Educational Programme: Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes.

 Begin to talk about shapes round, pointy, spotty, stripy Make comparisons between objects using appropriate Use vocabulary of size big / small / bigger / smaller. Understand positional language within daily routine in / on / under Begin to understand the language of time within the daily routine next, later, after 	 ⇒ Learn that squares and rectangles are 2-D shapes that have 4 sides. Identify them by counting their sides. ⇒ Learn that pentagons are 2-D shapes that have 5 sides. Identify them by counting their sides • Talk about and rectangles, trianglanguage: 'sides' ⇒ Learn to propertie ⇒ Recognis propertie ⇒ Learn to propertie ⇒ Learn to propertie 	whether an object is in or out of a basket, bag etc. whether something is in front of or behind. explore 2D and 3D shapes (for example, circles, gles and cuboids) using informal and mathematical , 'corners'; 'straight', 'flat', 'round' o identify circles and they begin to learn some is of a circle. se triangles and begin to learn some of the is of a triangle. o recognise rectangles and learn some of their is. at a square is a special rectangle. subes, cuboids, cylinders and spheres and begin to it some of their properties.
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UNDERSTANDING THE WORLD Past and Present (KS1: History)

Educational Programme: Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

Autumn	Spring	Summer		
Learning Priorities: Linked to Development Matters 2021				
 Learning Priorities: Linked to Development Matters Chronology The Big Picture of Events Across Time: Understand and follow the daily routine with the use of a visual timetable Begin to develop an understanding of special events that don't happen every day - <i>Grandparents Day / Harvest Festival</i> Begin to develop an awareness of the different seasons – <i>Autumn / falling leaves / wind / rain</i> Sequence: Begin to predict what might happen next within the daily routine, including the sequence of <i>morning and afternoon</i> Understand and engage in key events to complete an activity e.g., <i>washing hands before snack time</i> Duration: Begin to understand that activities are different in lengths of time e.g. <i>short / long</i> story Sense of period: Understand that they were once a baby / toddler, when I was a <i>baby / toddler</i> Begin to understand that their siblings / parents were once babies / toddlers e.g. when I was a <i>baby / toddler</i> (Own life story and family history) Own / Family History Begin to make sense of their own life history When I was a baby <i>baby / new / grow</i> The people in my family <i>family / brother / sister</i> My birthday <i>birthday / party / presents / special time</i> Special celebration e.g. <i>Diwali / Christmas celebration / nativity story</i> Figures / Characters, Settings and Events from the Past Begin to develop an awareness of different characters through traditional nursery rhymes and stories – <i>Doctor Foster / Ms Polly had a Dolly</i> Begin to develop a sense of a 'long time ago' 	 Chronology The Big Picture of Events Across Time: ⇒ Understand that their birthday and some key festivals aren't celebrated every day, and some days are different from other days - birthday / special day ⇒ Continue to develop an awareness of the different seasons and identify some key features - Winter / snow / ice / frost / Spring / growing Sequence: ⇒ Begin to understand and begin to use the vocabulary of time within the context of the daily routine - later / next / after ⇒ Begin to understand and begin to use the vocabulary of time within the context of the daily routine - later / next / after ⇒ Beagin to use sequencing vocabulary e.g. before / next / after Duration: ⇒ Understand that activities are different in lengths of time e.g. short / long activity ⇒ Begin to develop an awareness of past significant nursery events e.g. recall autumn walk when going on a winter walk Sense of period: ⇒ Understand that their sibling / parents were once in nursery / school e.g. when I was in nursery (Own life story and family history) ⇒ Begin to compare past nursery events / experiences before Own / Family History • Continue to make sense of their own life history ⇒ When I started nursery sharing floor books ⇒ My / family birthday (s) birthday / party / presents ⇒ Special nursery times / events Easter / Holi / Chinese New Year celebration / special time Figures / Characters, Settings and Events from the Past ⇒ Continue to develop an awareness of events through traditional nursery rhymes and stories ⇒ Continue to develop an awareness of events through traditional nursery rhymes and stories ⇒ Continue to develop an awareness of events through traditional nursery rhymes and stories 	 Chronology The Big Picture of Events Across Time: ⇒ Continue to develop an awareness of the different seasons – Summer / sun / warm Sequence: ⇒ Understand and begin to use the vocabulary of time within the context of the daily routine – <i>later / next / after</i> ⇒ Know and talk about beginning, middle and end of a story / event - beginning / middle / end Duration: ⇒ Begin to recite the days of the week – days of the week names ⇒ Know that some days are different e.g. school days, weekends at home, music day Sense of period: ⇒ Develop an awareness of past significant nursery events – recall events using floor books / photographs as a stimulus and using past tense ⇒ Compare past events / experiences before Own Family History Continue to make sense of their own life history ⇒ When I started nursery ⇒ My / family birthday (s) birthday / party / presents ⇒ Share family clebrations special time / celebration ⇒ Visit to Reception (transition) Figures / Characters, Settings and Events from the Past ⇒ Develop an awareness of different settings through traditional nursery rhymes and stories – Jack and the Beanstalk ⇒ Develop an awareness of a 'long time ago' 		

UNDERSTANDING THE WORLD People, Culture & Communities (KS1: R.E) -

* See Puddles LTP

Educational Programme: Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

Autumn	Spring	Summer
Learning Priorities: Linked to Development Matters	2021	
 Learning Priorities: Linked to Development Matters Self Awareness Continue to develop an awareness of self Talk about some of the things that make them unique Identify own likes and dislikes My Family and Other Families Begin to make connections between the features of their family and other families Talk about their own family Listen to others as they talk about their family Begin to develop an awareness of different types of families Enjoy joining in with family customs and routines Remember and share some family events / special times with others Imitate everyday actions / events from family life (domestic role play) Friendships Develop friendships Play collaboratively with a friend / s Different Cultures Continue to develop positive attitudes about the differences between people Demonstrate awareness and appreciate of their own physical features Begin to develop an awareness of special times / events / 	 Self Awareness Continue to develop an awareness of self ⇒ Talk about things that make them unique ⇒ Talk about own likes and dislikes ⇒ Begin to compare likes / dislikes with those of others My Family and Other Families Begin to make connections between the features of their family and other families ⇒ Develop an awareness of different types of families ⇒ Remember and share family events / special times with others ⇒ Initate special events from family life (domestic role play) Friendships ⇒ Develop friendships ⇒ Show an awareness of likes / dislikes of friends Different Cultures Continue to develop positive attitudes about the differences between people ⇒ Show appreciation of own physical features and others ⇒ Begin to talk about similarities and differences between themselves and others within nursery / family Continue to develop an awareness of special times / events / celebrations through: ⇒ First hand experiences from home 	Self Awareness • Develop an awareness of self ⇒ Compare likes / dislikes with those of others My Family and Other Families • Make connections between the features of their family and other families ⇒ Develop an understanding of different types of families ⇒ Remember and share family events / special times with others ⇒ Imitate special events / celebrations from own life and that of others Friendships • Develop friendships ⇒ Begin to appreciate likes / dislikes of friends Different Cultures • Continue to develop positive attitudes about the differences between people ⇒ Demonstrate awareness and appreciate of their own physical features and those of others ⇒ Talk about similarities and differences between themselves and others within nursery / family • Develop an awareness of different special times / events / celebrations, own and others, through: ⇒ First hand experiences from home ⇒ First hand experiences within nursery to reflect their own culture and that of others

UNDERSTANDING THE WORLD Deople, Culture & Communities (KS1: Human Geography) Natural World (KS1: Physical Geography)

Educational Programme: Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understand

ing across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension

UNDERSTANDING THE WORLD Natural World (KS1: Science)

Educational Programme: Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

Autumn	Spring	Summer
 Talk about what they see, hear and feel begin to use a wider vocabulary ⇒ Begin to talk about some likes / dislikes Living Things – Animals (including humans) and plants Identify and name main body parts Explore and understand the use of some body parts Name and talk about different pets Match and name baby to adult pet – <i>puppy / dog, kitten / cat</i> Name some different woodland animals Begin to understand that trees / plants and flowers are living things and need to be cared for Learn to touch living things carefully Begin to explore different animal habitats linked to autumn time Materials Begin to use some senses in hands on exploration of natural materials, developing curiosity: Free exploration Identifying likes / dislikes Begin to explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties Collect a group of autumn objects and name Explore how familiar things work Favourite toy Decoration How Things Work Explore how familiar things work Pavlore different forces and begin to use language of <i>push and pull</i> Push toys Pull toys 	 Talk about what they see, hear and feel use a wider vocabulary ⇒ Talk about some likes / dislikes Living Things – Animals (including humans) and plants Explore how to keep selves warm in Winter – <i>clothes / moving</i> Explore penguins and name different body parts Explore and name some other animals that like swimming in cold water – <i>seals, polar bears, whales, sharks, fish …</i> Explore some animal habitats – cold and hot countries Name and talk about different wild animals – how they look and the way they move – <i>waddling penguins, stomping elephants, jumping kangaroos…</i> Begin to develop an understanding of life cycles Own growth sequence Name and match baby to adult farm animal Materials Begin to use all their senses in hands on exploration of natural materials, developing curiosity ⇒ Develop curiosity when exploring different materials – same / different - hard / soft / wet / dry / cold / warm Explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties ⇒ Begin to name some common materials – wood, <i>plastic, metal</i> ⇒ Begin to notice how properties of materials change e.g. <i>things that met when left in the sun (ice); adding water to flour</i> Talk about what they see, continuing to use a wider vocabulary ⇒ Begin to observe and talk about natural processes – water <i>freezing / snow falling / ice and snow melting – water / ice / snow / frozen / melting</i> How Things Work Explore and talk about different forces they can feel … <i>push / pull</i> 	 Talk about what they see, hear and feel use a wider vocabulary ⇒ Talk about likes / dislikes Living Things – Animals (including humans) and plants Explore how to keep self cool in summer and sun safe Explore and talk about different ways to travel using different body parts walking, running, sliding, rolling, jumping, skipping Begin to develop an understanding of life cycles Own growth sequence – how they have changed across the Nursery Year, begin to look at simple timeline Planting / observing seeds growing Observing eggs hatching into ducks Take care of living things in nursery outdoor space Plants / Flowers Ducklings Minibeasts Materials Use all their senses in hands on exploration of a range of materials extending curiosity Name common materials Describe properties of favourite materials Talks about likes / dislikes and begin to give some reasons Group materials and begin to label Notice how properties of materials change – cold water becoming warm in the sun How Things Work Explore and talk about different forces they can feel push / pull Explore how vehicles travel on ramps of different gradients fast / slow / far / near

EXPRESSIVE ARTS & DESIGN: Creating with Materials (KS1 Art & Design / DT)

Educational Programme: The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe.

Autumn	Spring	Summer	
Learning Priorities: Linked to Development Matters 2021			
 Colour Free colour mixing exploration Drawing Different media, including transient at materials Free exploration / mark making Creating lines - to to bottom to left to right Creating circles Self-portrait to face the whole body Making representations liked to experiences / quality texts: the family to pet the autumn to event / celebration Painting Using range of large tools - foam rollers, sponges, chunky paint brushes, hands / fingers Printing using body parts Printing using body parts Printing using autumn materials Paper / Materials Free collage introduction to joining with glue Sculpture / 3D Free exploration with playdough using: Range of cutters Range of tools (including scissors) Create playdough Self-portrait of face Explore with recycled materials to make 3D shapes Join pieces together using glue 	 Colour Colour mixing exploration – naming colours Drawing Different media, including transient art materials Free exploration / mark making Creating: □ lines □ circles Creating cross shapes Create enclosed shapes to make representations Self / family member / friend Penguins / animals or characters in focus texts Event / celebration Begin to show different emotions in drawings and paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear etc. Painting Painting using animal feet (small world resources) Splatter painting Ice cube painting Ice cube painting (different coloured ice cubes) Paper / Materials Free collage joining with glue and begin to use tape Ripping paper Using scissors to snip paper Introduction to different textured paper / materials Sculpture / 3D Create playdough Pancakes Gingerbread men Penguin / animals (characters in focus text) Explore with recycled materials to make 3D shapes Begin to join pieces together using tape Kaplore different materials freely and begin to develop own ideas about how to use them and what to make Make characters from focus texts	 Colour mixing exploration – talking about observed changes Drawing Different media, including transient art materials Free exploration / mark making Creating: □ lines □ circles □ crosses Creating squares Create enclosed shapes to make representations Self / family member / friend Animals / vehicles (characters in focus texts) Event / celebration Use drawing to represent ideas like movement Journeys (left to right) Show different emotions in drawings and paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear etc. Painting Fruit / vegetables Wheels / tyres Paper / Materials Kree collage joining with glue and tape Cutting paper Sculpture / 3D Create playdough Animals (characters in focus text) Vehicles Explore with recycled materials to make 3D shapes Join pieces together using tape Explore different materials freely and develop own ideas about how to use them and what to make Make wild animals Vehicles	

EXPRESSIVE ARTS & DESIGN: Desing Imaginative & Expressive (KS1 Music / Preforming Arts)

Educational Programme: The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe.

Autumn	Spring	Summer		
Learning Priorities: Linked to Development Matters 2021				
 Role Play / Drama Begin to take part in pretend play Imitate home experiences (home corner) Imitate life experiences linked to different seasons Celebrations: Birthday party cards / presents Begin to create own small world scenes linked to interests Participate in oral text retelling with actions linked to focus texts - <i>imitation</i> Begin to create simple stories using small world linked to Own experiences (my home / nursery) Events / celebrations Rhymes / stories Music / Performance Listen with increased attention to sounds Tune into body percussion sounds <i>body parts</i> Begin to move to a steady beat <i>beat / march</i> Sing and remember some simple rhymes and songs Nursery Rhymes Christmas songs Songs linked to the theme / topic Play instruments with increasing control Free exploration of musical instruments Learn to play: _ tapping _ banging _ shaking 	 Role Play / Drama Take part in pretend play Imitate home experiences (home corner) Imitate life experiences linked to different seasons Celebrations: Chinese New Year / pancake day. Participate in oral text retelling with actions linked to focus texts – <i>imitation & innovation</i> Create own small world scenes linked to interests and begin to create linked to focus texts Take part in simple pretend play and begin to using an object to represent something else Create simple stories using small world linked to Own experiences (my home / nursery) Events / celebrations Rhymes / stories Music / Performance Begin to respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings. Begin to remember and sing entire songs Winter / themed songs Begin to sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch match'). Begin to sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs. Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas Happy Feet Penguin Band / Dance 	 Role Play / Drama Take part in pretend play, extending narrative Imitate home experiences (home corner) Imitate life experiences linked to different seasons Celebrations Participate in oral text retelling with actions linked to focus texts – <i>imitation, innovation and invention</i> Take part in simple pretend play using an object to represent something else Make imaginative and complex 'small worlds' Using a variety of available open-ended materials and resources Create simple stories, extending narrative, using small world linked to Own experiences (my home / nursery) Events / celebrations Rhymes / stories Music / Performance Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings. Remember and sing entire songs. Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch match'). Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs. Create their own songs, or improvise a song around one they know Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas. 		